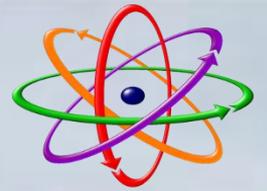


Radiometric Data collected with an UAV: Pre-flight and Post processing

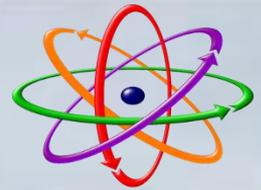


■ Pre-flight consideration

- Detector choice and calibration
- MDA of a stripe

■ Post-processing: NASVD

- Noise reduction
- Data reconstruction



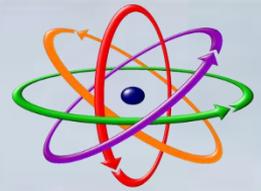
Detector choice

NaI vs. BGO vs. CsI

Scintillator	Decay time(ns)	Density g/cm ³
NaI(Tl)	250	3.67
CsI(Na)	630	4.51
CsI(Tl)	1000	4.51
BGO	300	7.13

At the end of day:

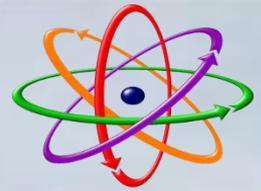
- **Detection sensitivity \propto Volume = Weight**
- **The shorter the decay time, the more it can handle high count rates**



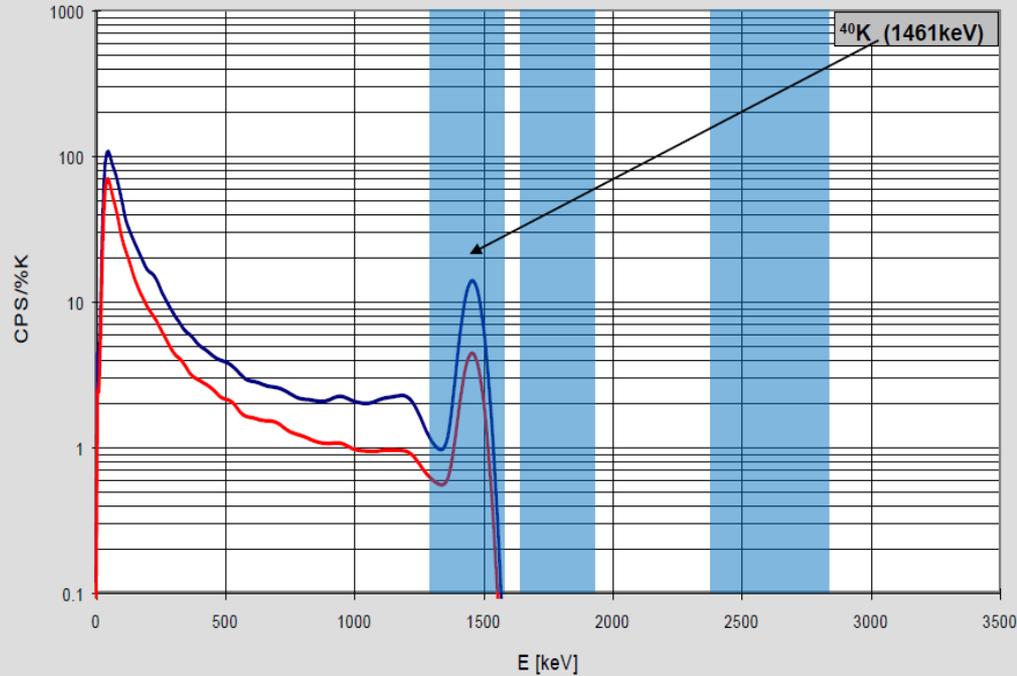
RS-500 AIRBORNE SYSTEMS to UAV?

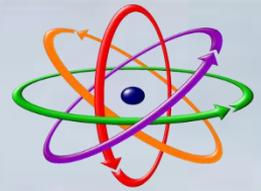


Looking at K, U and Th series

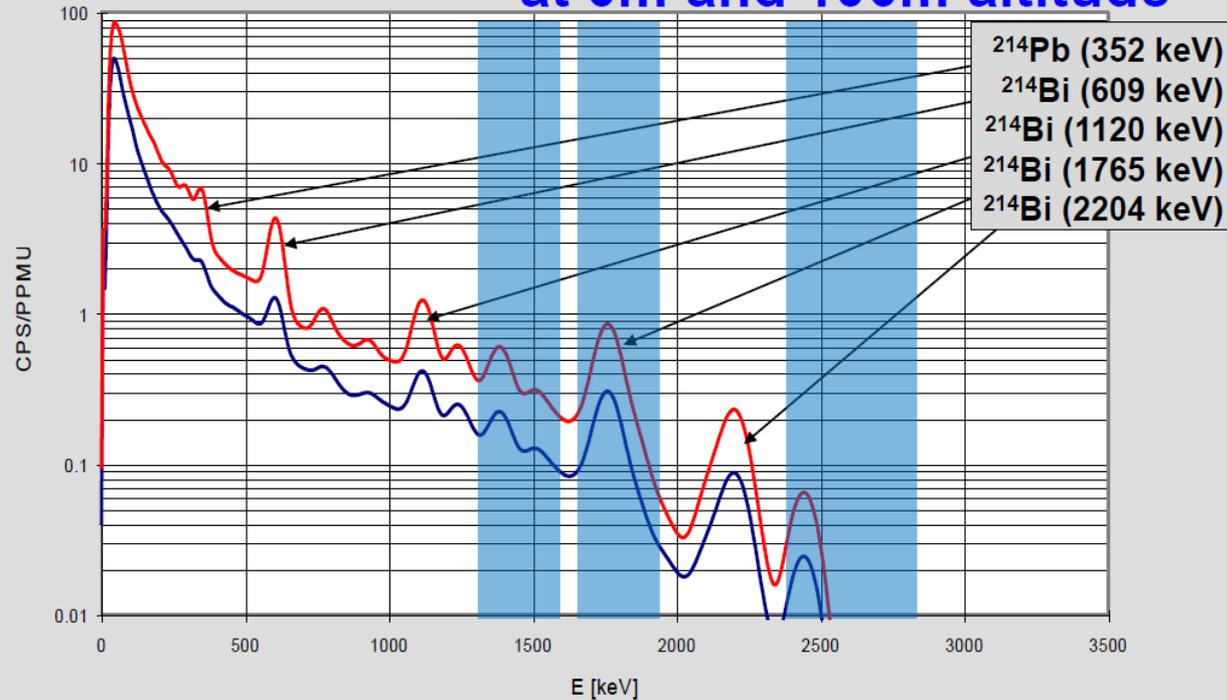


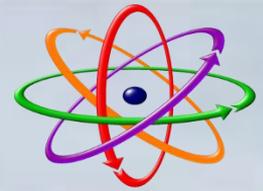
Monte Carlo simulated ^{40}K Spectra at 0m and 100m altitude



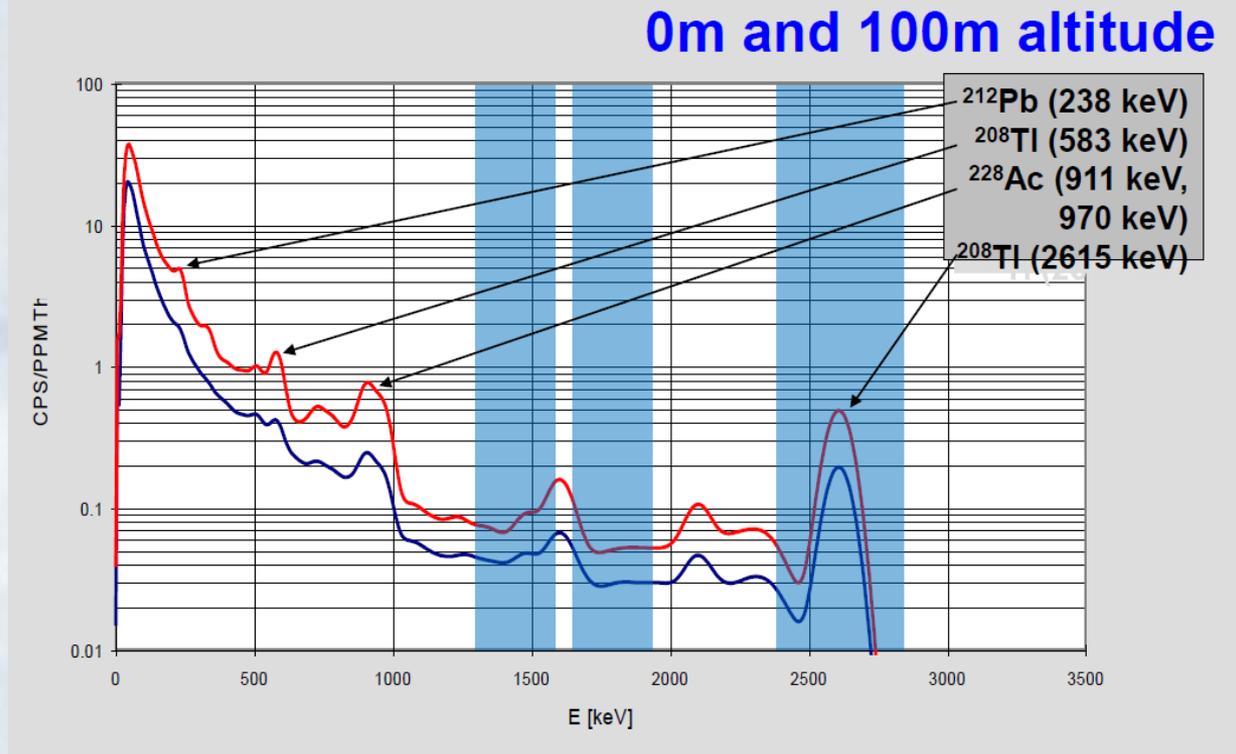


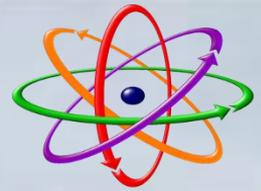
Monte Carlo simulated ^{238}U -series spectra at 0m and 100m altitude



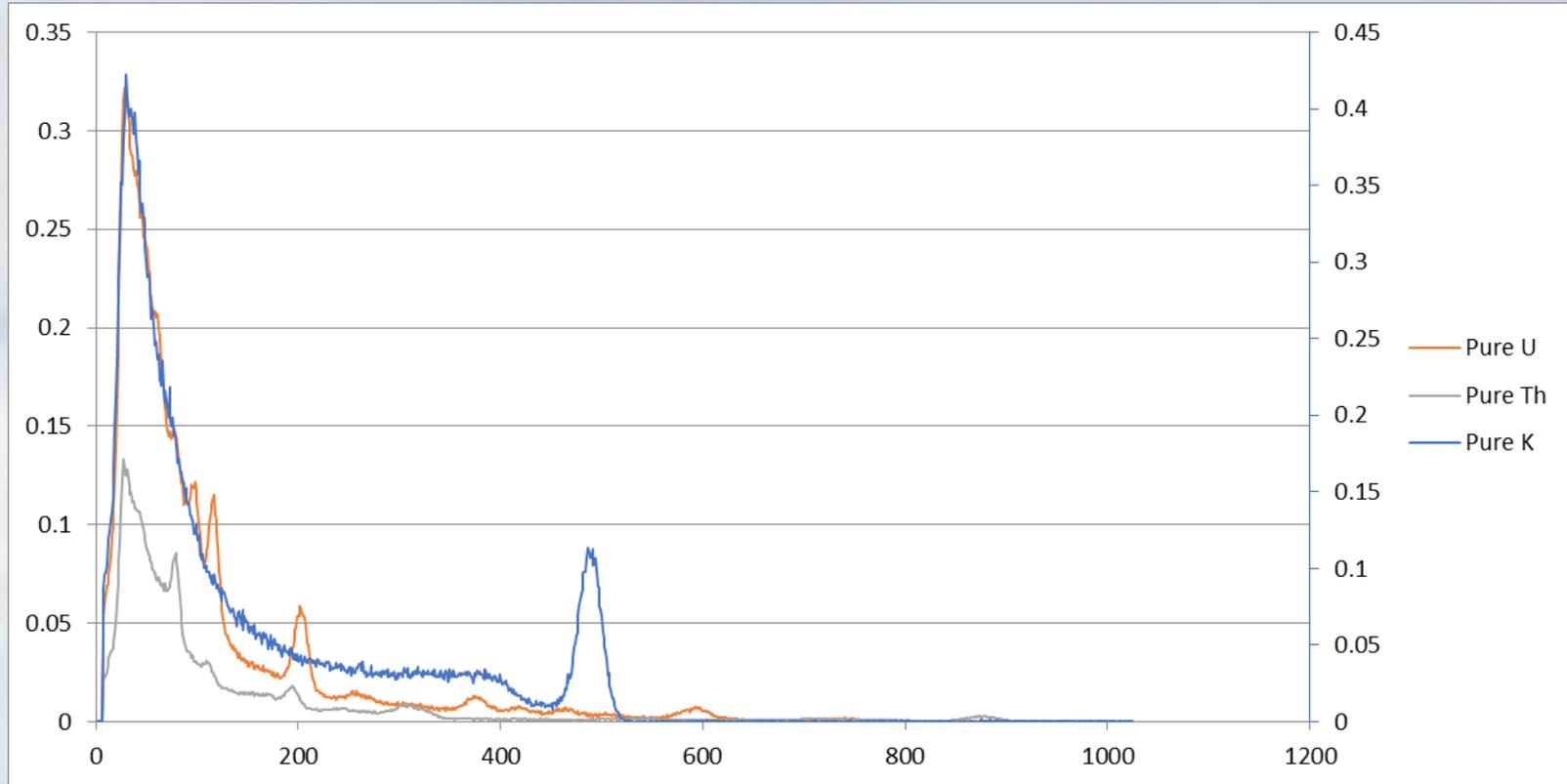


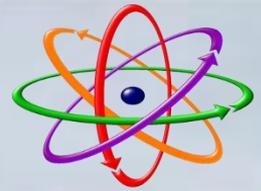
Monte Carlo simulated ^{232}Th -series spectra at 0m and 100m altitude





Detector Calibration (IAEA #323 or #1363)



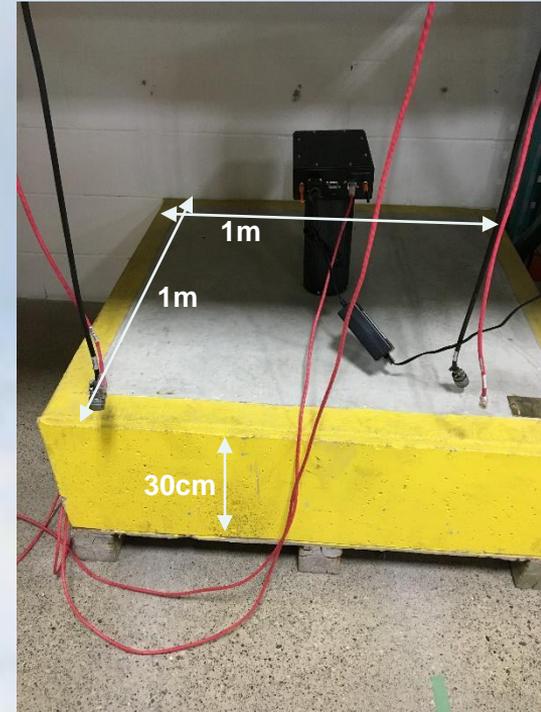


Calibration Pads

	BG-pad	K-pad	U-pad	Th-pad
K_conc(%)	1.41	8.71	1.34	1.34
U_conc(ppm)	0.97	0.32	52.9	2.96
Th_conc(ppm)	2.26	0.74	3.4	136

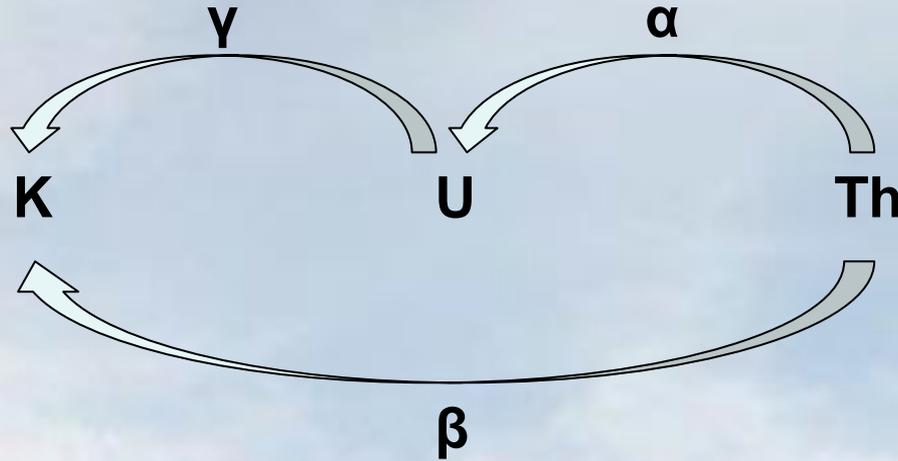


Pad	Geometric correction factor
K-Pad	1.17
U-Pad	1.17
T-Pad	1.19





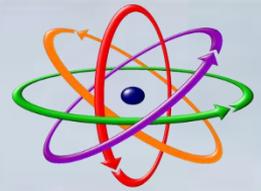
The interaction between the Potassium (K), Uranium (U) and Thorium (Th) windows



1	0.942	0.649
-0.001	1	0.474
0.001	0.042	1

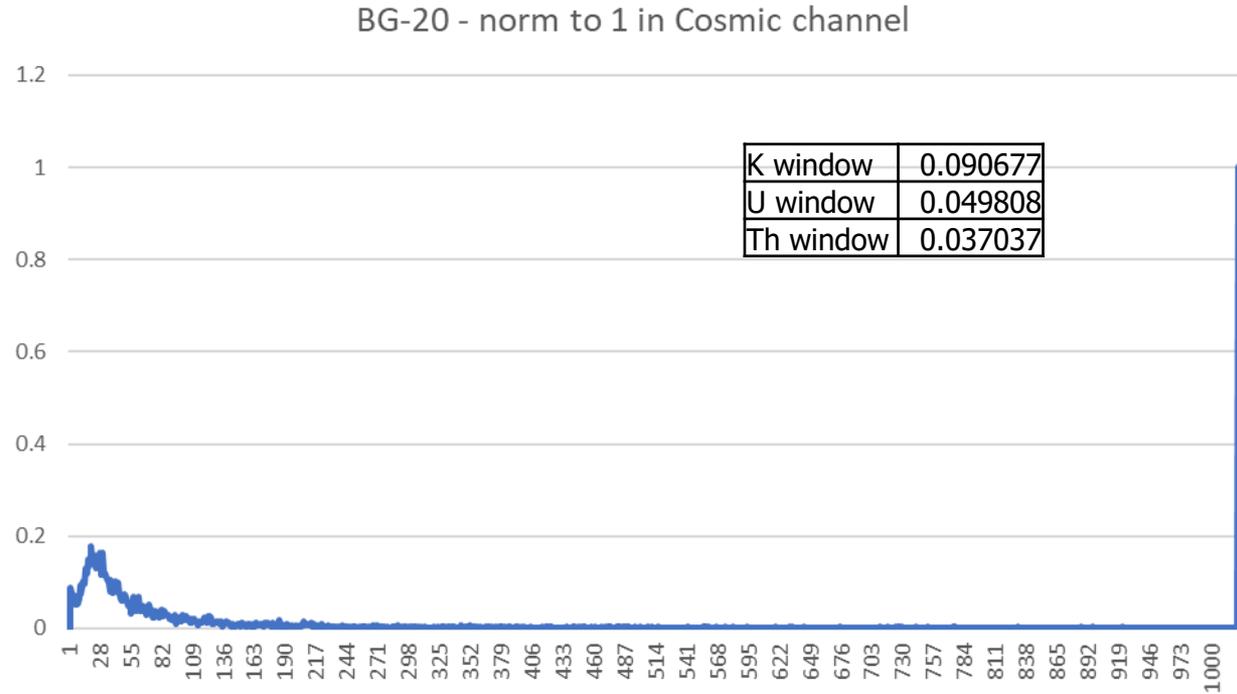
	cps/(%,ppm,ppm)
K	3.817921
U	0.33207
Th	0.138849

	Nominal values	UAV - Geo corrected
K [%]	7.3	7.33
U [ppm]	51.93	51.81
Th [ppm]	133.74	132.57



Cosmic stripping

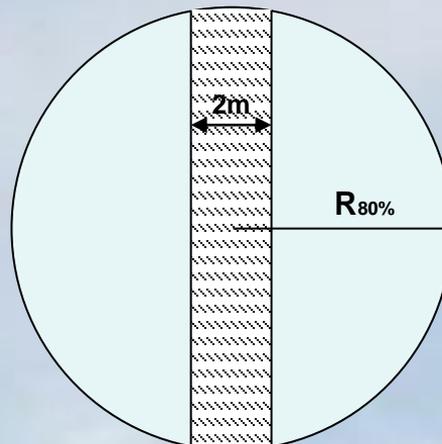
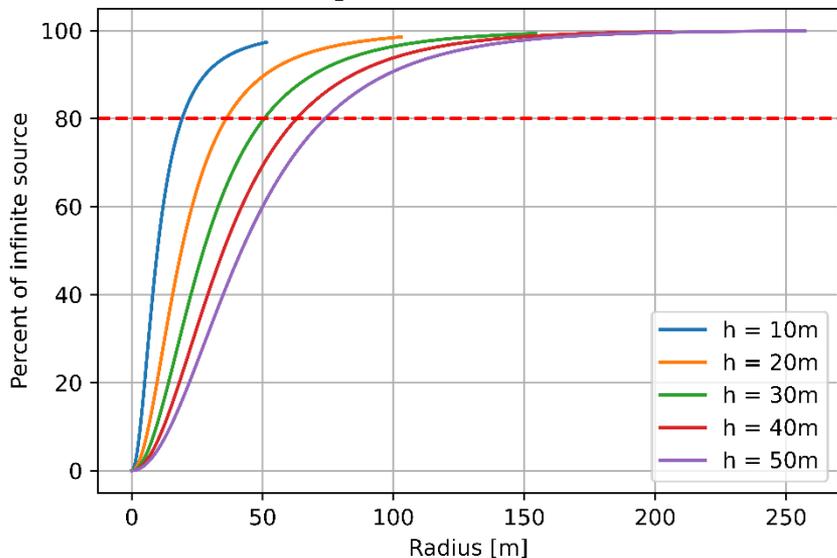
Lake Ontario – 2,000 m from shore





Application – 2m wide eU stripe SNR in a 5ppm eU Background

Percentage of Infinite Source Uranium



H [m]	Sensitivity at survey altitude [cps/ppm_eU]
10	0.3057
20	0.2814
50	0.2195

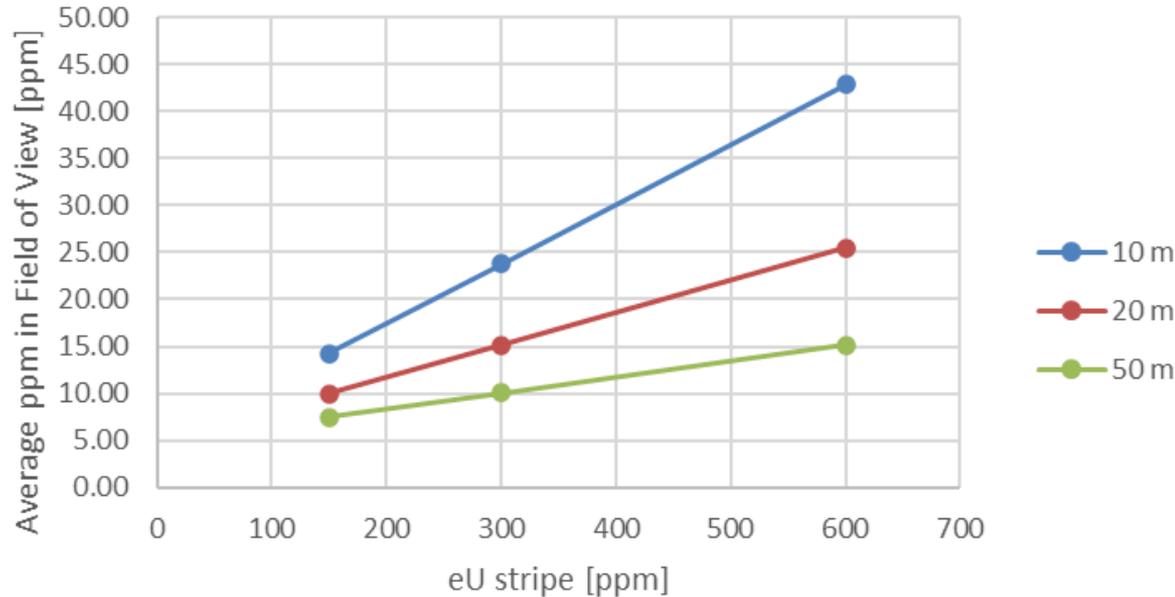
	cps/ppm @ contact	Height attenuation
U	0.33207	Assumption: -0.00828 (same as IAEA #323 16L)

H [m]	radius for 80%	circle area [m ²]	Stripe area [m ²] (2m wide x diameter)
10	20	1257	80
20	37	4301	148
50	75	17671	300



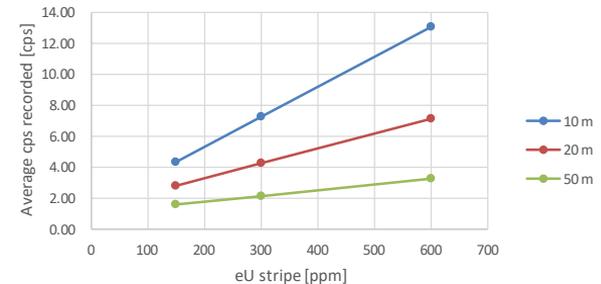
Application – 2m wide eU stripe SNR in a 5ppm eU Background

Concentration in the UAV Field of View



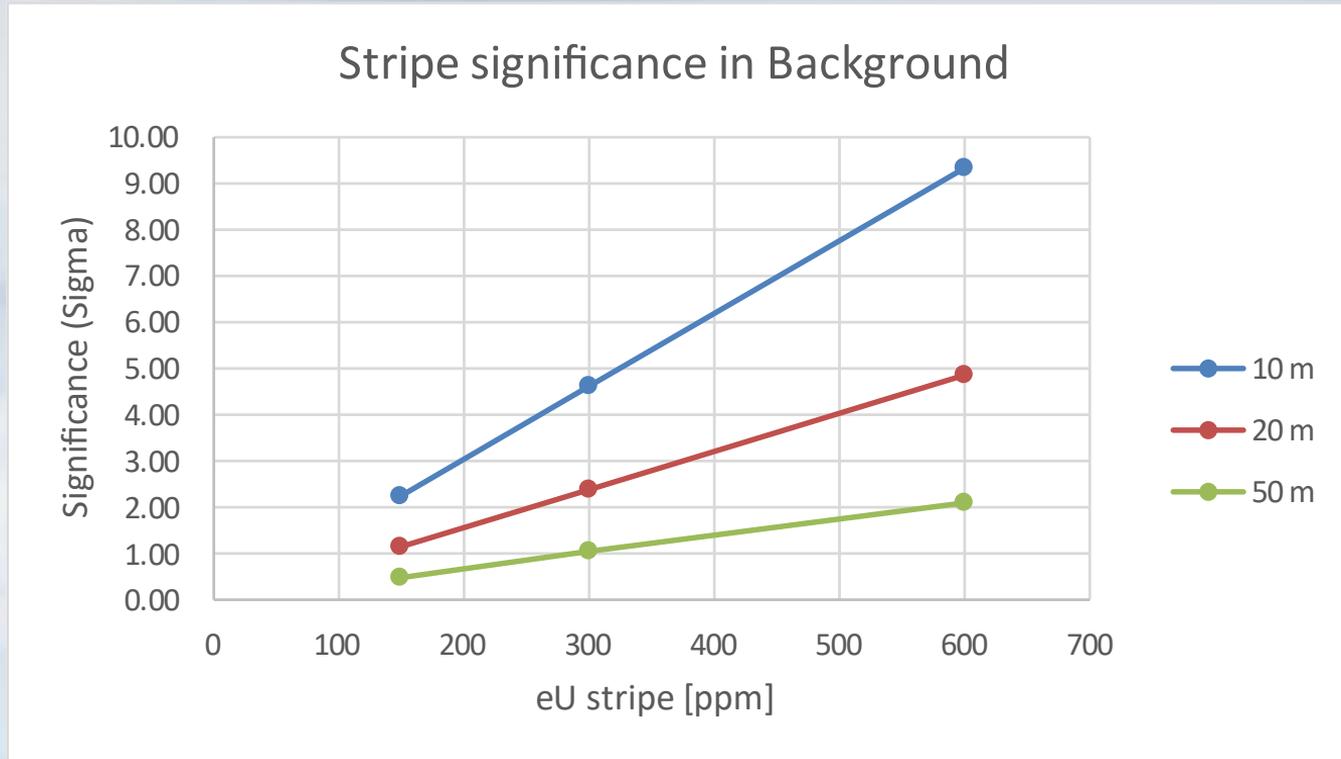
h [m]	5 ppm Bg [cps]
10	1.53
20	1.41
50	1.10

CPS recorded by the UAV



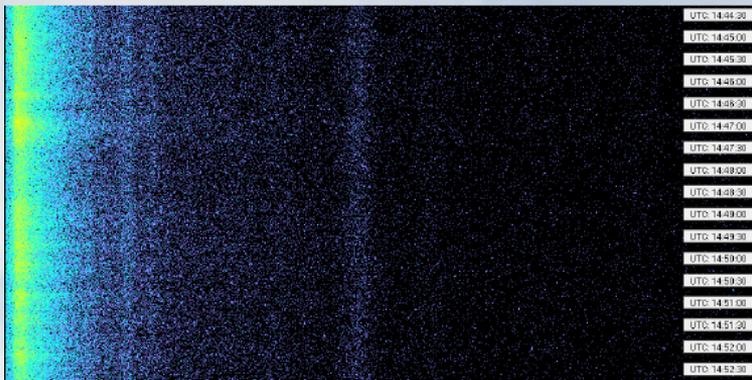


Application – 2m wide eU stripe SNR in a 5ppm eU Background



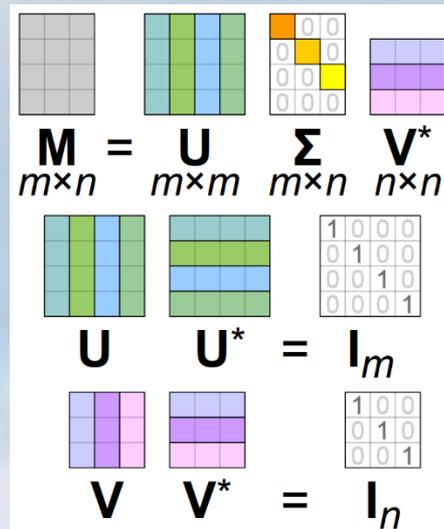
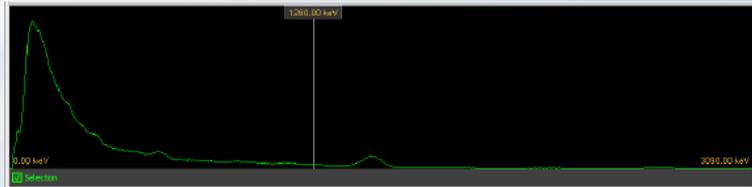


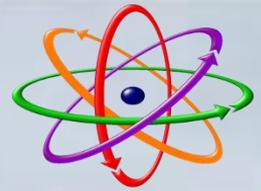
Post-processing data with NASVD - Spectral data as a matrix



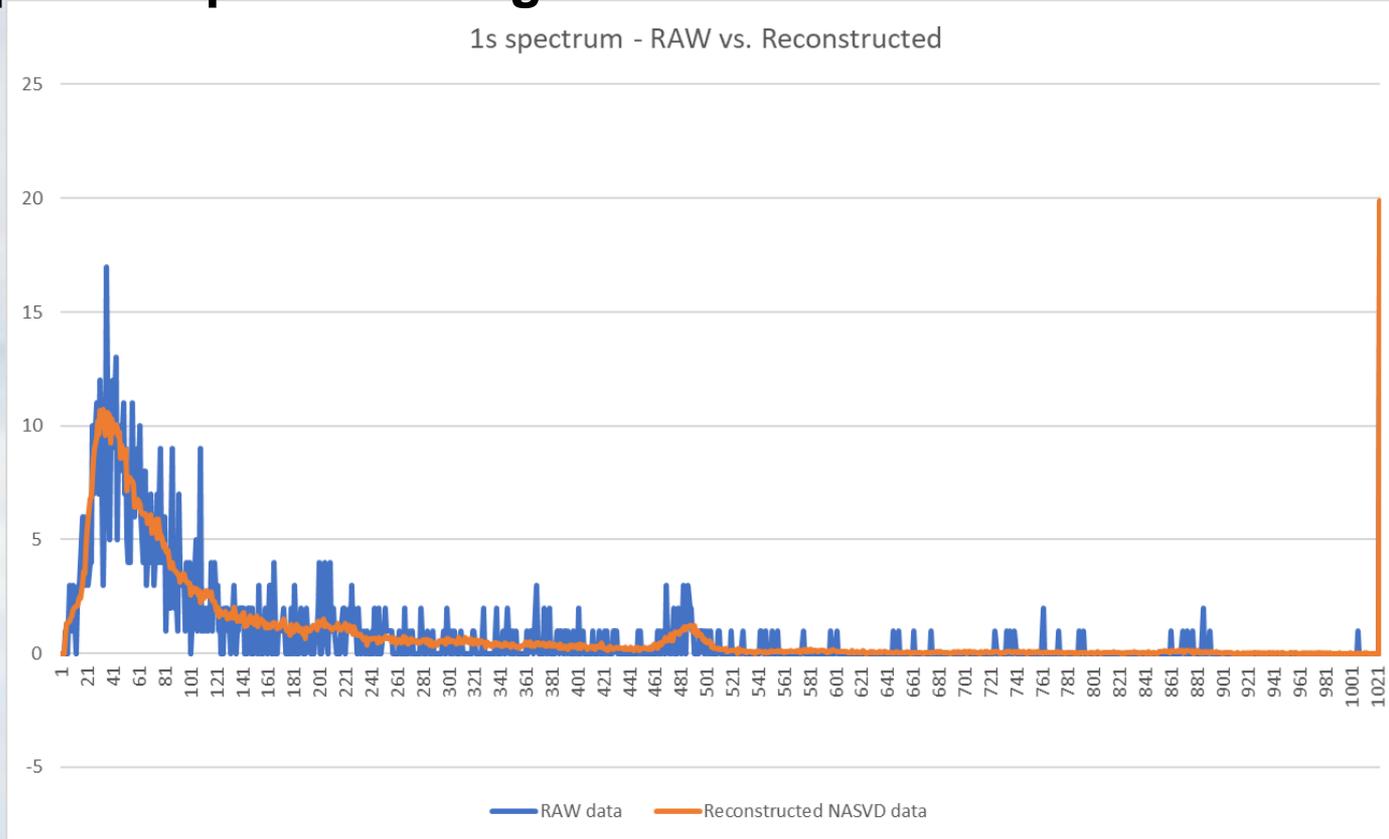
=

1	2	3	5	2
2	3	4	5	1
1	3	3	4	2
2	2	4	4	1
2	3	3	5	2
1	2	4	5	1



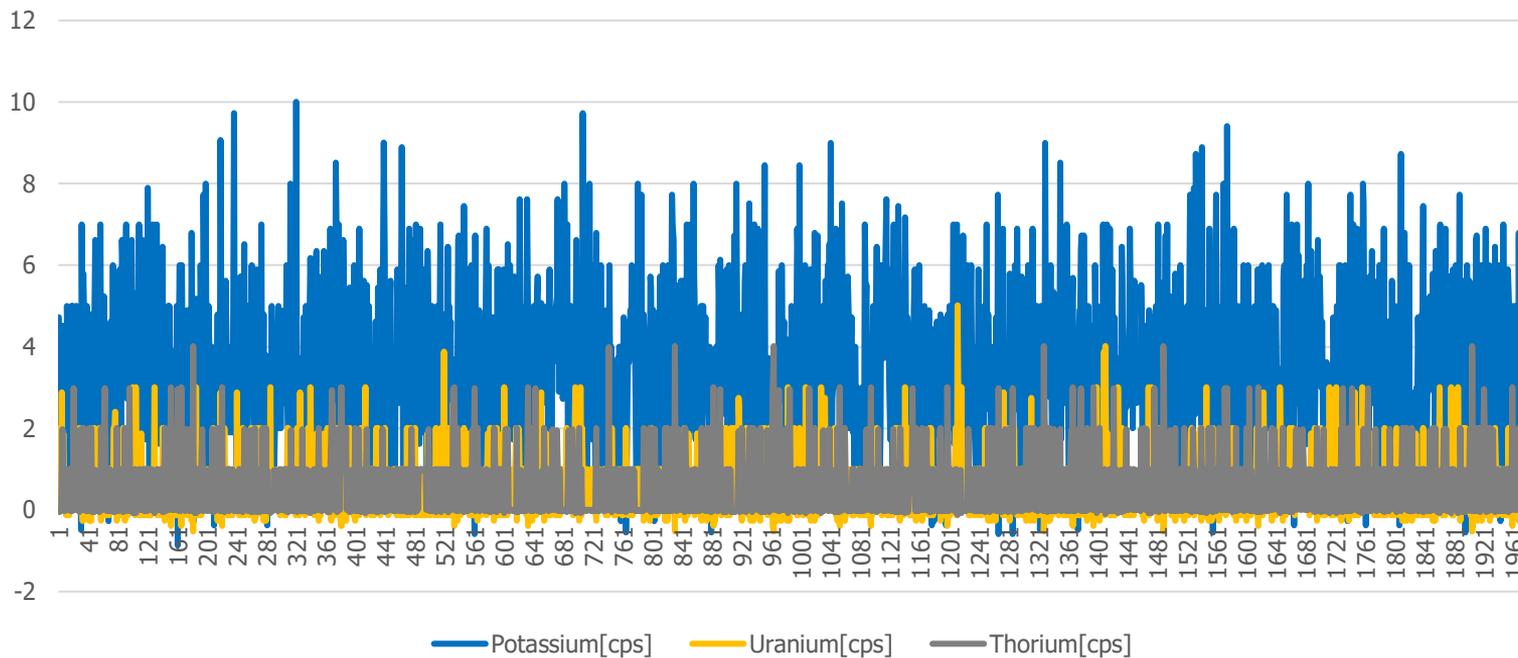


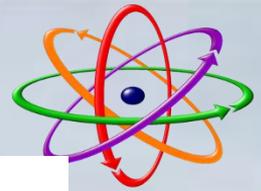
Example: 1s spectrum Original vs. Reconstructed



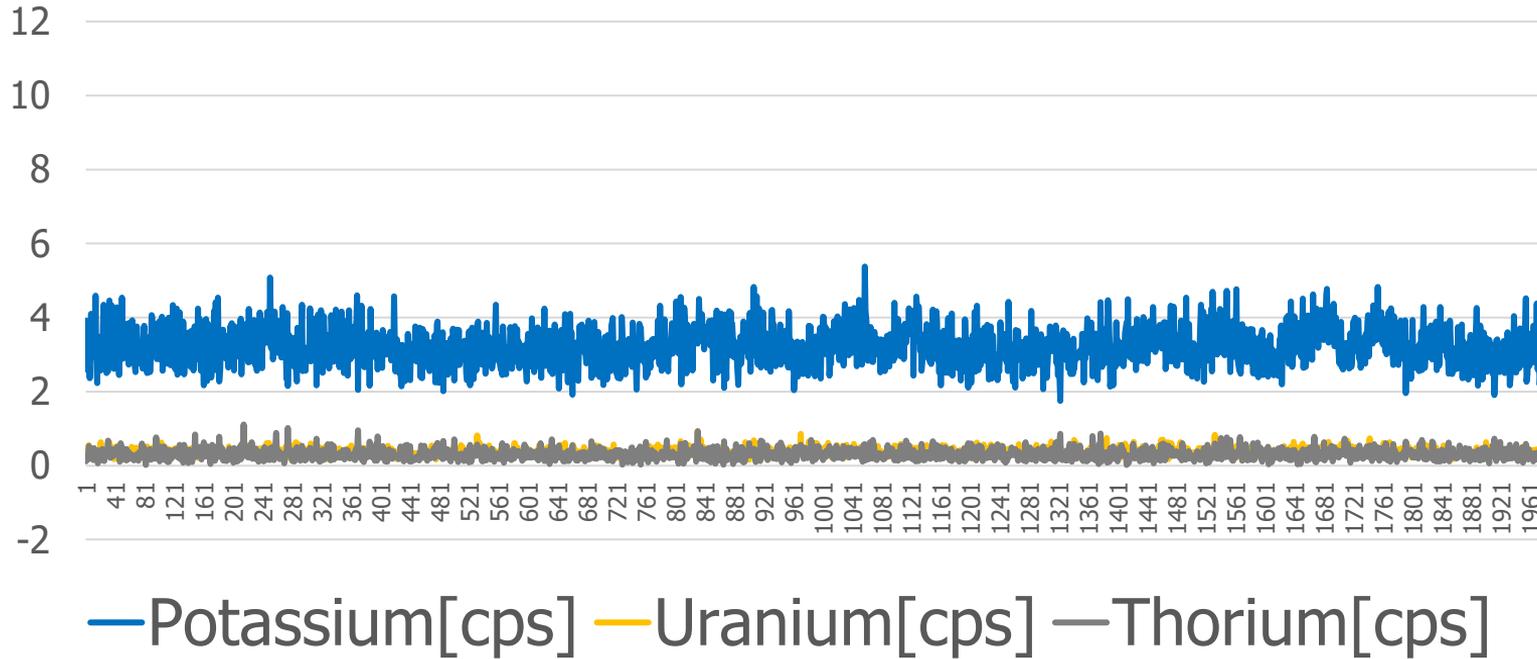


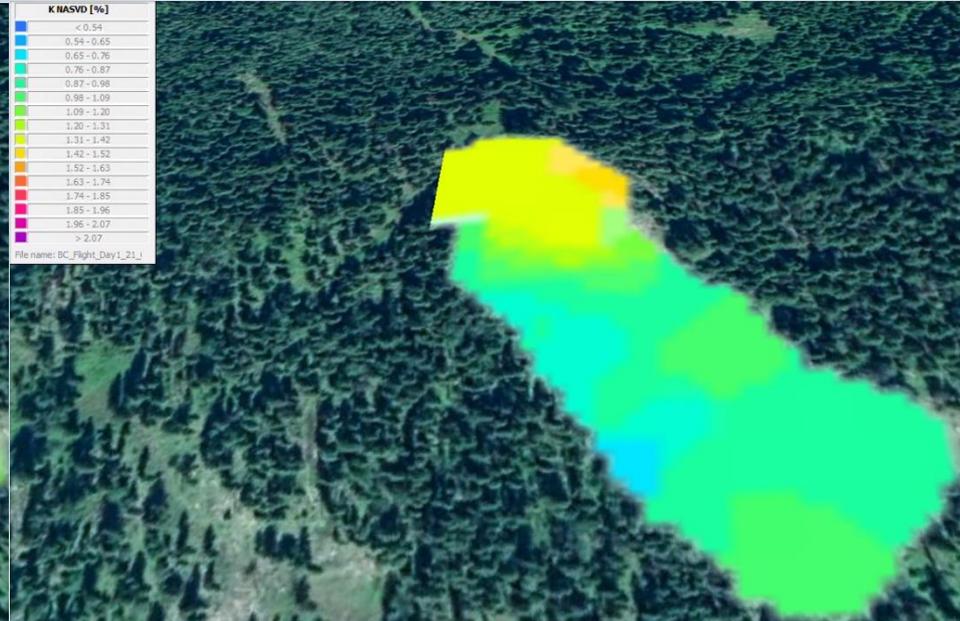
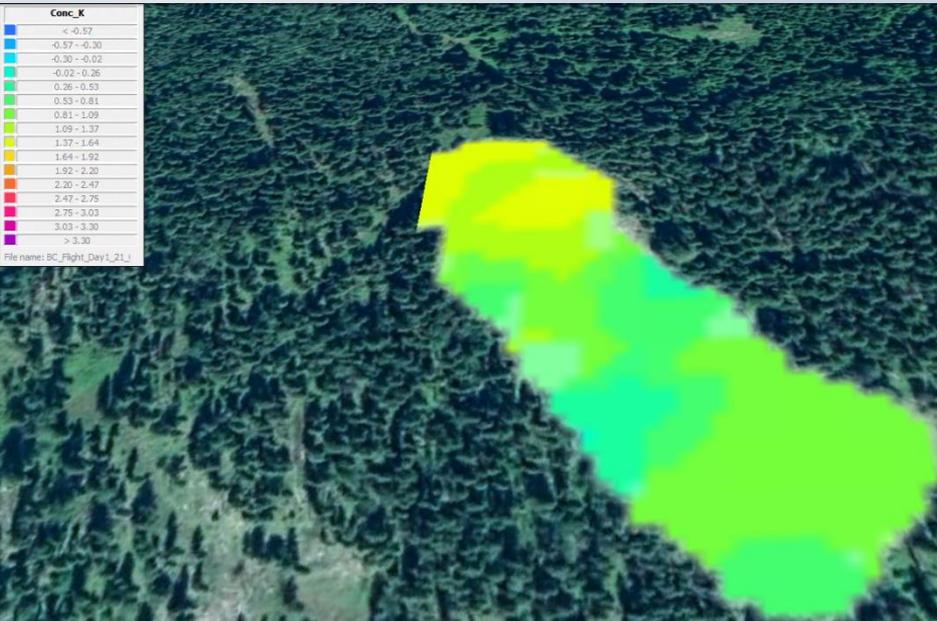
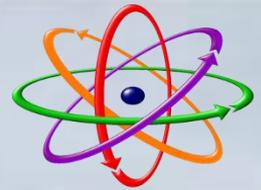
Stripped Counts
20m AGL 3x3 NaI UAV detector

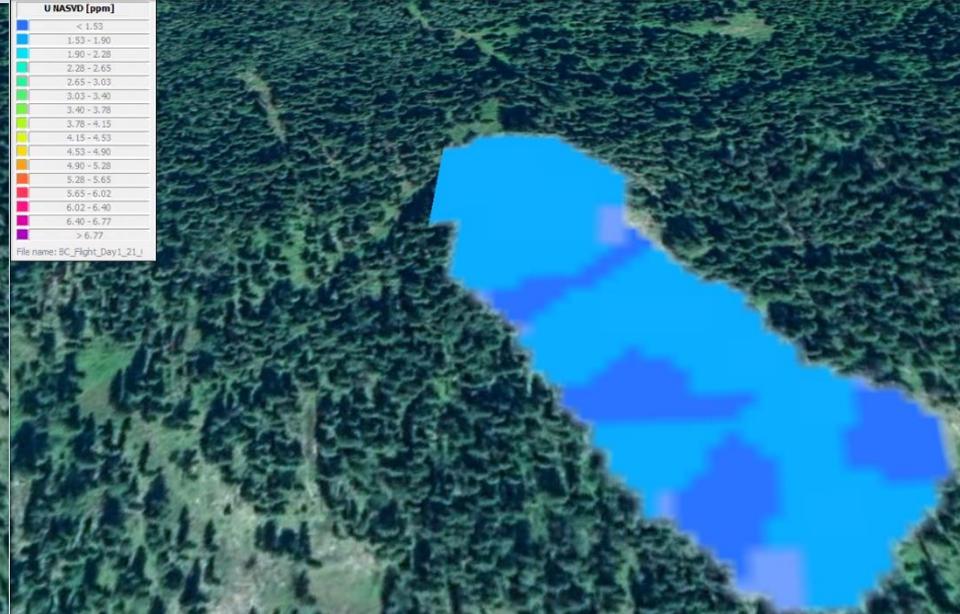
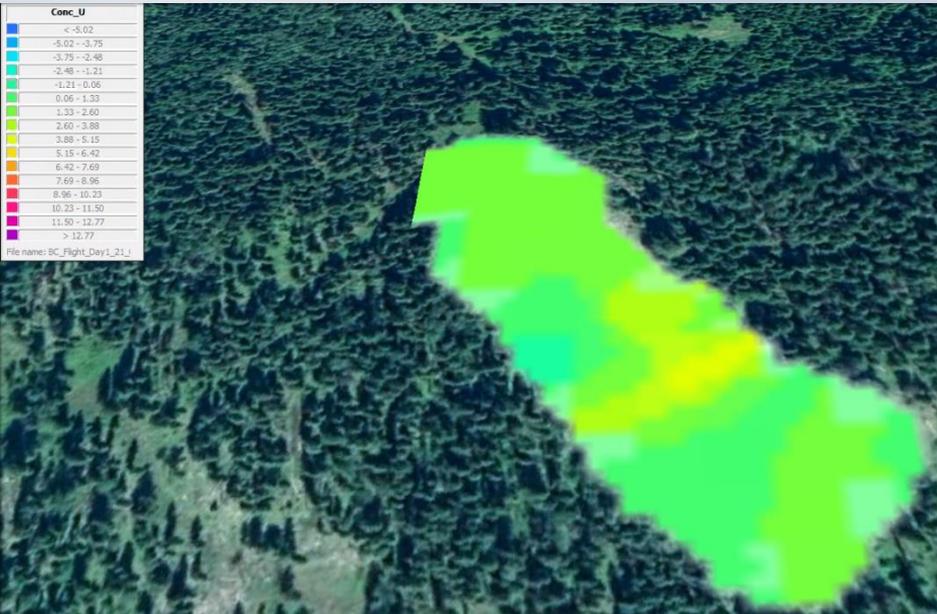
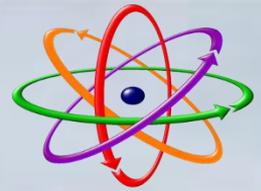


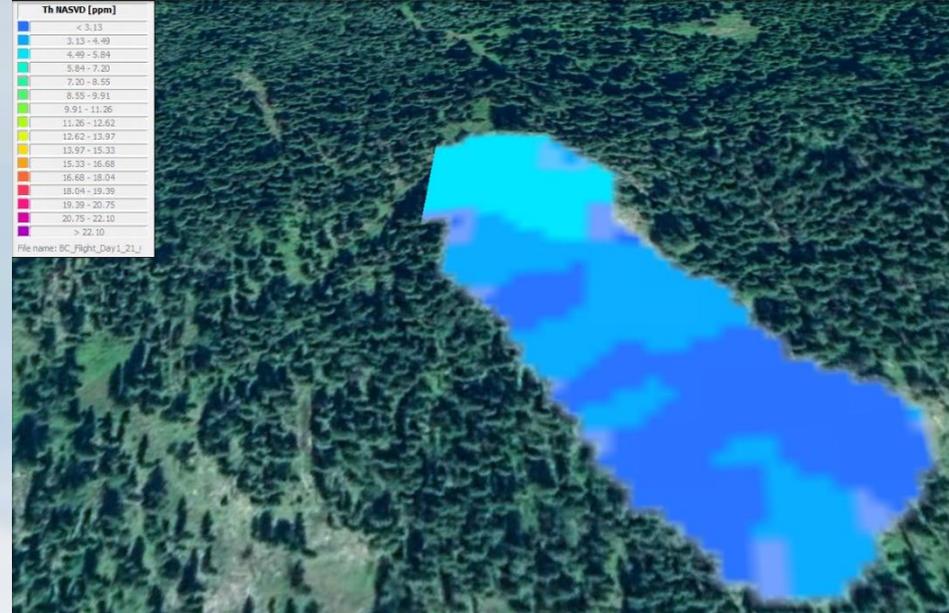
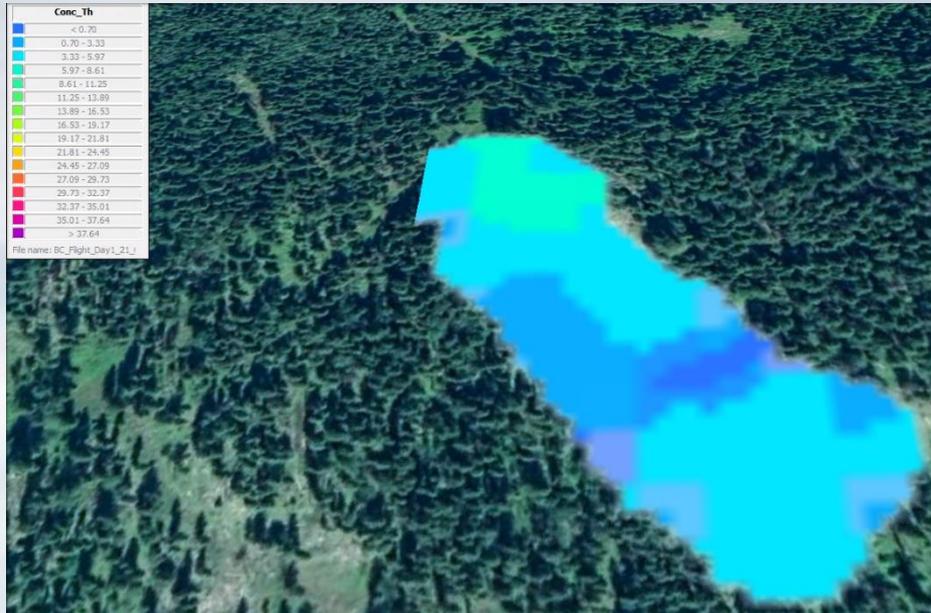
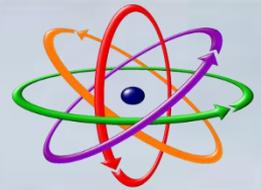


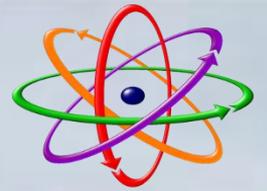
Same Data, Same Process, Same Scale
After running NASVD











Conclusion

- Pre-flight
- NASVD in post processing

Thank you for your attention

✉ martinburtartn@radiationsolutions.ca

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